Chiral Dynamics predictions for $\eta' \rightarrow \eta \pi \pi$

An EFT approach

Pere Masjuan i Queralt

Fakultät für Physik, Universität Wien, Austria.

6th Vienna Central European Seminar Vienna, November 27-29, 2009

Preliminary results. Work in progress with R. Escribano and J.J Sanz Cillero





Outline

- Introduction & Motivation
- Large-N_c ChPT
- Large-N_c RChT
- Conclusion

Introduction & Motivation

η & **η**' Ideal for studying

Symmetries Symmetry breaking in QCD

Quark masses

The Chiral Anomaly

E.M. Form Factors

Chiral invariant EFT



Chiral framework for η'

What EFT?

















$$\begin{pmatrix} c_{qq} = \frac{F^2}{3F_1^2 F_8^2 \cos^2(\theta_8 - \theta_1)} \left[F_1^2 \sin(2\theta_1) - F_8^2 \sin(2\theta_8) + 2\sqrt{2}F_1 F_8 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_8) \right] \\ c_{sq} = \frac{F^2}{3F_1^2 F_8^2 \cos^2(\theta_8 - \theta_1)} \left[\sqrt{2}F_1^2 \sin(2\theta_1) + \sqrt{2}F_8^2 \sin(2\theta_8) + F_1 F_8 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_8) \right] \\ c_{ss} = \frac{F^2}{3F_1^2 F_8^2 \cos^2(\theta_8 - \theta_1)} \left[2F_1^2 \sin(2\theta_1) - F_8^2 \sin(2\theta_8) - 2\sqrt{2}F_1 F_8 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_8) \right] \\ \end{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} F_1 = 1.1F_{\pi} \\ F_8 = 1.3F_{\pi} \\ F_{\pi} = 92.2 \text{MeV} \\ \theta_1 = -5^{\circ} \\ \theta_8 = -20^{\circ} \end{bmatrix} \\ \end{pmatrix}$$

Defining the Amplitude $s = (p_{\pi^+} + p_{\pi^-})^2 = (p_{\eta'} - p_{\eta})^2$ $t = (p_{\pi^+} + p_{\eta})^2 = (p_{\eta'} - p_{\pi^+})^2$ $s + t + u = m_{\eta'}^2 + m_{\eta}^2 + 2m_{\pi}^2$ $u = (p_{\eta} + p_{\pi^-})^2 = (p_{\eta'} - p_{\pi^-})^2$



	$\eta' \to \eta \pi^+ \pi^-$	$\eta' ightarrow \eta \pi^0 \pi^0$
Exp	$44.6 \pm 1.4\%$	$20.7\pm1.2\%$
(PDG09) ChPT@LO	0.9%	0.5%
(Bijnens '06)		



$$\mathcal{M}_{\eta' \to \eta \pi^+ \pi^-} = c_{qq} \times \frac{1}{F^2} \left[\frac{m_\pi^2}{2} - \frac{2L_5 m_\pi^2}{F^2} \left(m_{\eta'}^2 + m_\eta^2 + 2m_\pi^2 \right) + \frac{2(3L_2 + L_3)}{F^2} \left(s^2 + t^2 + u^2 - \left(m_{\eta'}^4 + m_\eta^4 + 2m_\pi^4 \right) \right) + \frac{24L_8 m_\pi^4}{F^2} + \frac{2\Lambda_2 m_\pi^2}{3} \right] + c_{sq} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}\Lambda_2 m_\pi^2}{3F^2}$$

Suppressed @ NLO
$$\left(\mathscr{M}_{\eta_s
ightarrow \eta_s \pi^+ \pi^-} = 0
ight)$$







Large- N_c ChPT





c=0, if Charge Parity conservation holds









$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Large-N}_{\mathcal{C}} \text{ ChPT} \\ \hline \text{Dalitz plot parameters} \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 (1 + \alpha y + by^2 + dx^2) \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 (1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)) \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)] \\ \hline M|^2$$





$$\begin{split} \text{Large-}N_{c} \text{ ChPT} \\ \text{VES,PLB651 (`07)} \\ \text{-20.000 events} \end{split} \\ \begin{array}{l} \text{Full transform} \\ \text{Ves,PLB651 (`07)} \\ \text{-20.000 events} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{l} \text{Full transform} \\ \text{Ves,PLB651 (`07)} \\ \text{-20.000 events} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{l} \text{Full transform} \\ \text{Full transform} \\ \text{Ves,PLB651 (`07)} \\ \text{-20.000 events} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{l} \text{Full transform} \\ \begin{array}{l} \text{Full transform} \\ \text{Full tr$$

Partial Conclusion



$$\mathcal{L}_{R\chi T} = \mathcal{L}^{GB} + \mathcal{L}^{R_{i}} + \mathcal{L}^{R_{i}R_{j}} + \mathcal{L}^{R_{i}R_{j}R_{k}} + \dots$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{GB} = \frac{F^{2}}{4} \langle u_{\mu}u^{\mu} + \chi_{+} \rangle$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{S}_{(2)} = c_{d} \langle Su_{\mu}u^{\mu} \rangle + c_{m} \langle S\chi_{+} \rangle$$
Goldstone-Resonance interaction

 $\mathcal{L}_{(2)}^S$

includes vectors and scalars. We will see that in the particular channel $\eta' \rightarrow \eta \pi \pi$ only scalars contribute.

Large-N_c RChT



$$\mathcal{M}_{\eta' \to \eta \pi^+ \pi^-} = c_{qq} \times \frac{1}{F_{\pi}^2} \left[\frac{m_{\pi}^2}{2} + \frac{4c_d c_m}{F^2} \frac{m_{\pi}^4}{M_S^2} \right] \\ + \frac{1}{F^2} \frac{\left[c_d (t - m_{\eta}^2 - m_{\pi}^2) + 2c_m^2 m_{\pi}^2 \right] \left[c_d (t - m_{\eta'}^2 - m_{\pi}^2) + 2c_m m_{\pi}^2 \right]}{M_{a_0}^2 - t} \\ + \frac{1}{F^2} \frac{\left[c_d (u - m_{\eta}^2 - m_{\pi}^2) + 2c_m^2 m_{\pi}^2 \right] \left[c_d (u - m_{\eta'}^2 - m_{\pi}^2) + 2c_m m_{\pi}^2 \right]}{M_{a_0}^2 - u} \\ + \frac{1}{F^2} \frac{\left[c_d (s - m_{\eta}^2 - m_{\eta'}^2) + 2c_m^2 m_{\pi}^2 \right] \left[c_d (s - 2m_{\pi}^2) + 2c_m m_{\pi}^2 \right]}{M_{\sigma,f_0}^2 - s} \right]$$

Chiral expansion at low energies

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{M}_{\eta' \to \eta \pi^+ \pi^-} &= c_{qq} \; \times \; \left\{ \frac{m_{\pi}^2}{2F^2} \; + \; \frac{12 \, c_m^2}{F^4 M_S^2} \, m_{\pi}^4 \; - \; \frac{2 \, c_d c_m}{F^4 M_S^2} \, m_{\pi}^2 (m_{\eta}^2 + m_{\eta'}^2 + 2m_{\pi}^2) \\ &+ \; \frac{c_d^2}{F^4 M_S^2} \, \left[s^2 + t^2 + u^2 - (m_{\eta}^4 + m_{\eta'}^4 + 2m_{\pi}^4) \right] \right\} \end{aligned}$$

Chiral expansion at low energies

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{M}_{\eta' \to \eta \pi^+ \pi^-} &= c_{qq} \times \left\{ \frac{m_{\pi}^2}{2F^2} + \frac{12 c_m^2}{F^4 M_S^2} m_{\pi}^4 - \frac{2 c_d c_m}{F^4 M_S^2} m_{\pi}^2 (m_{\eta}^2 + m_{\eta'}^2 + 2m_{\pi}^2) \\ &+ \frac{c_d^2}{F^4 M_S^2} \left[s^2 + t^2 + u^2 - (m_{\eta}^4 + m_{\eta'}^4 + 2m_{\pi}^4) \right] \right\} \\ \mathbf{3} L_2 + L_3 &= c_d^2 / 2M_S^2 \\ \mathbf{L}_8 &= c_m^2 / 2M_S^2 \end{split} \qquad \begin{aligned} \mathbf{L}_5 &= c_d c_m / M_S^2 \\ \mathbf{L}_8 &= c_m^2 / 2M_S^2 \end{aligned} \qquad \begin{aligned} \mathbf{S} \text{ubleading 1/Nc} \\ &\wedge_1 = \Lambda_2 = 0 \end{aligned}$$





Results



Since the dominance $\mathcal{M}_{\eta'
ightarrow \eta \pi^+ \pi^-} \sim c_d^2$

$$|\mathcal{M}_{\eta'
ightarrow\eta\pi^+\pi^-}|^2\sim c_d^4$$



Dalitz plot: new parametrization



Good prediction within the errors

Dalitz plot: new parametrization







$$\begin{split} & \text{Large-}N_{c} \text{ RChT} \\ & \text{VES,PLB651 (07)} \\ & \text{-20.000 events} \end{split} \\ & \text{With Large-}N_{c} \text{ RChT} \\ & |\mathcal{M}|^{2} = |N|^{2}(1 + ay + by^{2} + dx^{2}) \\ & \frac{k_{i}}{c_{i}} & 0.71 \pm 0.17 & -107 \pm 53 & 1.47 \pm 0.43 \\ & |\mathcal{M}|^{2} = |N|^{2}[1 + (ay + dx^{2}) + \\ & \frac{k_{i}}{c_{i}} & 0.72 \pm 0.26 & 0.2 \pm 1.7 \\ & + (by^{2} + \kappa_{21}yx^{2} + \kappa_{40}x^{4})] \\ & -110 \pm 58 & -1 \pm 15 & 45 \pm 55 \\ \end{split} \\ \end{split}$$

Summary of predictions

$$c_d = (28.9 \pm 0.2) \text{ MeV} + [\mathcal{M}|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)]$$

$$a = -0.1166(6)$$

$$d = -0.0539(4)$$

$$b = 0.6666(5) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$\kappa_{21} = -5,71(3) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$\kappa_{40} = -1,207(4) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$a/d = 2.2$$

$$\kappa_{40}/\kappa_{21} = 0.21$$

$$b/a < 0$$

$$a = -0.127(16)(8)$$

$$d_{exp} = -0.082(17)(8)$$

$$b_{exp} = -0.106(28)(14)$$

$$VES'07$$

Summary of predictions

 $c_d = (28.9 \pm 0.2) \text{ MeV}$

+
$$|\mathcal{M}|^2 = |N|^2 [1 + (ay + dx^2) + (by^2 + \kappa_{21}yx^2 + \kappa_{40}x^4)]$$

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{M}_{\eta' \to \eta \pi^{+} \pi^{-}} &= c_{qq} \times \frac{1}{F_{\pi}^{2}} \left[\begin{array}{c} \frac{m_{\pi}^{2}}{2} &+ \frac{4c_{d}c_{m}}{F^{2}} \frac{m_{\pi}^{4}}{M_{s}^{2}} \\ &+ \frac{1}{F^{2}} \frac{\left[c_{d}(t - m_{\eta}^{2} - m_{\pi}^{2}) + 2c_{m}^{2}m_{\pi}^{2}\right] \left[c_{d}(t - m_{\eta'}^{2} - m_{\pi}^{2}) + 2c_{m}m_{\pi}^{2}\right]}{M_{a_{0}}^{2} - t} \\ &+ \frac{1}{F^{2}} \frac{\left[c_{d}(u - m_{\eta}^{2} - m_{\pi}^{2}) + 2c_{m}^{2}m_{\pi}^{2}\right] \left[c_{d}(u - m_{\eta'}^{2} - m_{\pi}^{2}) + 2c_{m}m_{\pi}^{2}\right]}{M_{a_{0}}^{2} - u} \\ &+ \frac{1}{F^{2}} \frac{\left[c_{d}(s - m_{\eta}^{2} - m_{\eta'}^{2}) + 2c_{m}^{2}m_{\pi}^{2}\right] \left[c_{d}(s - 2m_{\pi}^{2}) + 2c_{m}m_{\pi}^{2}\right]}{M_{\sigma,f_{0}}^{2} - s} \end{split}$$

$$a = -0.1166(6)$$

$$d = -0.0539(4)$$

$$b = 0.666(5) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$\kappa_{21} = -5.71(3) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$\kappa_{40} = -1.207(4) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$a / d = 2.2$$

$$\kappa_{40} / \kappa_{21} = 0.21$$

$$b / a < 0$$



$$c_{d} = (28.9 \pm 0.2) \text{ MeV}$$

$$a = -0.1166(6)$$

$$d = -0.0539(4)$$

$$b = 0.666(5) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$\kappa_{21} = -5.71(3) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$\kappa_{40} = -1.207(4) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$a = -0.1154$$

$$d = -0.0676$$

$$b = -0.0160$$

$$\kappa_{21} = -7.40 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$\kappa_{40} = -1.278 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

Conclusions

- Large-N_c ChPT:
 - •BR@NLO→correct order of magnitude
 •Need NNLO contributions
 - •New parametrization for the Dalitz plot
- •Large-N_c RChT:
 - •Prediction for c_d , c_m
 - •Better BR
 - •Good Dalitz parameters predictions
 - •Indication of small $\pi\pi$ rescattering